AFFIDAVIT OF SMALL SUCCESSION

			Or	
		(hereinafter referred to as "Decedent")		
STATE OF L	OUISIANA			
PARISH OF _				
On this	s date, the	day of		, 20, before me, the
undersigned au	athority, and befo	re the undersigned	witnesses, per	rsonally came and appeared:1
		A	ffiant 1	
			AND	
		A	ffiant 2	
(hereinafter co	llectively referred	d to as "Affiants"),	both being co	mpetent persons of the full age of
majority, who	after being duly s	worn, did depose a	and say that:	
(1)	Affiants knew	(hereina	after the "Dece	edent") and these facts are within their
personal know	ledge.			
(2)	Affiant 1 is (the	e surviving spouse a	and/or a major	heir) in relation to the Decedent.
Affiant 2 is (a	major heir) (or th	ird party knowledg	seable of the fa	acts stated herein)
(3)	The Decedent,		died on the	_ day of, A
certified copy	of the Decedent's	certificate of death	n is attached h	ereto. ²
(4)	The Decedent v	vas domiciled in		_ Parish, Louisiana, at the time of his/her
death. His/Hei	last residence w	as	in	, Louisiana.
(5)	The Decedent of	lied intestate.		

The marital status of the Decedent at the time of death was:

(6)

¹ At least two persons should be affiants. The surviving spouse, if any, must be a party to this affidavit. The surviving spouse must be joined by at least one major heir. If there is no surviving spouse, two major heirs may fill out this form. If there is only one major heir and no surviving spouse, this affidavit must also be signed by a second person who has actual knowledge of the matters stated herein. A "major heir" is an heir of the deceased who is at least eighteen years of age. In addition, a natural tutor may execute this affidavit on behalf of a minor child without the necessity of a judicial appointment or court order. The attorney should make a diligent effort to get all major heirs to sign this affidavit.

² If the deceased owned immovable property, this affidavit cannot be filed until ninety days has elapsed from the date of death. If filed too soon, it will not be effective until ninety days have elapsed. Act 323 amended La. Code Civ. Proc. Ann. Art. 3432 to eliminate the need for witnesses.

(7)	The surviving spouse's cur		
(8)	-	the Decedent, and last known ado	dresses of all of the l
		(b)	
		(f)	

The properties owned by the Decedent at the time of death, both movable and

(10)

immovable, are more particularly described below:

³ If more than six, please attach a supplementary list. At this point, it may be appropriate to note whether decedent's parents survived decedent and whether decedent ever adopted children or was adopted. Also note whether heirs are over 23 years of age, and their mental and/or physical disabilities.

[Herein insert full legal description of all movable and immovable property, show the value of each item, and include whether property is separate or community and whether it is subject to a usufruct]⁴

- (11) The aggregate value of the Decedent's above described property, both movable and immovable, at the time of Decedent's death, was less than \$125,000.00 [This monetary limitation is not applicable if the death was over twenty years ago].
- (13) There is no need for administration of this Estate. [Alternatively: This estate was fully administered by _______, a Court of Competent Jurisdiction without Louisiana.]
- (14) Affiants understand and affirm, through their signatures below, under penalty of perjury that if Affiants are heirs, Affiants accept the succession of the Decedent, including the Decedent's debts. Affiants further acknowledge and affirm under penalty of perjury that Affiants execute this document after having read the document line-by-line, that Affiants understand the legal significance of this document, that the information contained in this Affidavit is true, correct and complete to the best of Affiants' knowledge, information, and belief, and that Affiants execute this document knowingly, freely and voluntarily and without any coercion or reservation whatsoever.
- banks, financial institutions, trust companies, warehousemen or other depository, or any person having property in his possession or under his control, upon receipt of a multiple original of this Affidavit, to pay or deliver any money or property of the deceased, as more particularly described herein, to the heirs of the deceased and the surviving spouse, if any, in the percentages listed herein; (2) instructs any domestic or foreign corporation, and the transfer agent for such corporation, upon receipt of a multiple original of this Affidavit, to transfer any stock or registered bonds in the name of the deceased and described herein, to the heirs of the deceased and surviving spouse, if any, in the percentages listed herein; and (3) provides that receipt of such money or property by the heir(s) named herein constitutes a full release and discharge of the payor for the payment of money or delivery of property made under the provisions of said Article 3434.

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⁴ Insert (A) property description (B) whether the property is separate or community property, (C) whether a legal usufruct of the surviving spouse attaches to the property, (D) the value of the property, (E) a listing of the heirs and their respective proportionate shares of the property.

THUS DONE AND PASSED in	, Louisiana, this day of		
, in the presence of	and	_	
competent witnesses, who sign their names with the	said Appearers and me, Notary Public, after rea	ıding	
of the whole.			
Witness	Affiant 1 ⁵		
Witness	Affiant 2		
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME			
THIS, 20			
NOTA BY BUDLIC			
NOTARY PUBLIC			
PRINT NAME:			
LA BAR/NOTARY/Id.No.			

The making of or swearing to a false affidavit is punishable by civil and criminal

(16)

penalties under Louisiana law.

⁶ La. Code of Civ. Proc. Ann. art. 3432(B) provides that if the deceased had no surviving spouse, the affidavit must be signed by at least two heirs. If the deceased had no surviving spouse and only one heir, the affidavit must also be signed by a second person who has actual knowledge of the matters stated herein, and La. Code of Civ. Proc. Ann. art. 3432(C) provides that in addition to the powers of a natural tutor otherwise provided by law, a natural tutor may also execute the affidavit on behalf of a minor child without the necessity of filing a petition pursuant to Article 4061.